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# CHAPTER 19 STUDY GUIDE

1. What does an accidental do?

1. Slightly alters the pitch of a note

2. What are the names of the accidentals?

2. Flat, sharp, natural

3. Where are accidentals written?

3. In front of the note and on the same line or space as the note

4. What does a flat do to a note?

4. Lowers the pitch by one half step

5. Draw six flats.

5. bbbbbb

6. Draw six sharps.

6. #####

7. What does a sharp do to a note?

7. Raises the pitch by one half step

8. Draw six naturals. 8. ¶¶¶¶¶¶
9. What does a natural do? 9. Cancels a sharp or a flat
10. How many notes can accidentals be used with? 10. All of them
11. How long does the effect of an accidental last? 11. For an entire measure
12. Can an accidental have an effect across a bar line? 12. No

## PRACTICAL USE EXERCISES

- Write out the following whole notes in either bass or treble clef: B-flat, E-flat, A-flat, B-flat. Find these notes on your instrument and play them. Sing them. Now write out these notes: D-flat, G-flat, C-flat, and D-flat. Find them on your instrument and play them. Sing them.
- Do the same thing as you did in number one with these notes: F-sharp, A-sharp, C-sharp, F-sharp. Find them on your instrument and play them. Sing them. Now write out C-sharp, E-sharp, G-sharp, C-sharp. Find and play these notes. Sing them.

